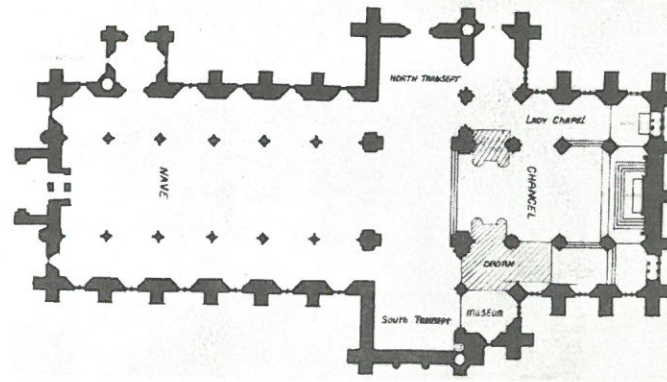


The Museum was opened on May 24, 1931. The exhibits are largely related to the development of the Cathedral. Some of the items displayed are: a collection of stones from various English Cathedrals, symbolic of the Diocese of Newfoundland's lengthy connection with the Church in England; memorials from Church ships, Mission to Seamen; special services, and a Bible in old English presented to St. John's Church by Admiral Mark Milbank, Governor 1789-1792.

FLOOR PLAN OF THE CATHEDRAL



A Few Facts Relating to the Dimensions of the Building

Total length	200'
Width across transepts	99'
Breadth of Nave	60' 4"
Breadth of Transepts	42' 8"
Height from floor to apex tower vaulting	57' 0"
Height from floor to ridge of roof	80' 0"

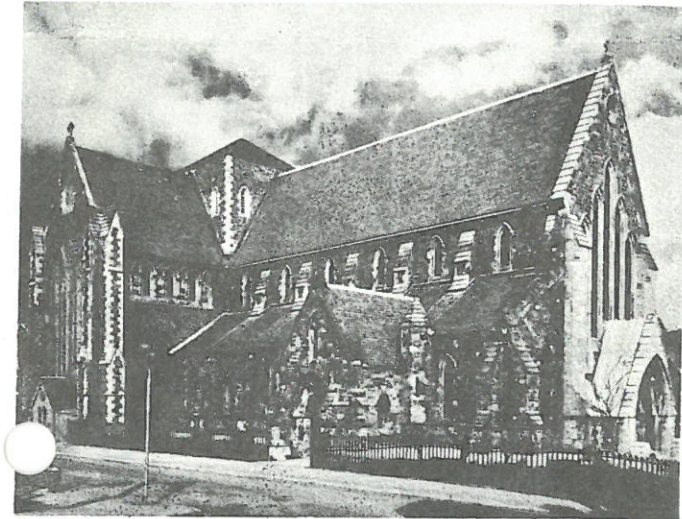
	Width	Height
East Window	16' 0"	31' 11"
South Transept Window	20' 0"	43' 0"
North Transept Window	17' 3"	41' 3"
West Window	24' 0"	41' 0"

The tower, when completed, will rise approximately 50 feet above the ridge of the roof and the spire an additional 100 feet for a total height above the floor level of 230 feet.

The sandstone used in the arches, pillars, windows and quoins (about 4500 tons) came from the Giffrock Quarries near Glasgow.

The bluestone (about 7500 tons) was mainly obtained from quarries on the Southside Hills of St. John's.

*The Cathedral
of
St. John The Baptist
St. John's, Newfoundland*



*Welcome to the Mother Church
of the Diocese of
Eastern Newfoundland & Labrador
Anglican Church of Canada
Parish established 1699*

LADY CHAPEL



Re-opened in June 1972 following the installation of a vaulted ceiling.

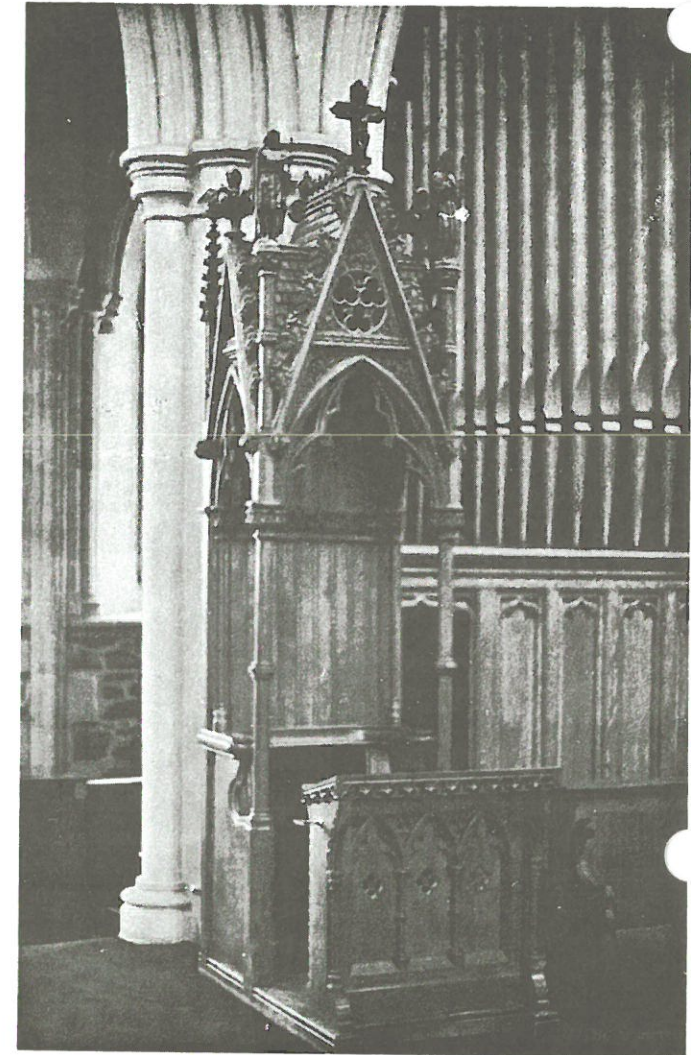
THE CHANCEL

(together with the magnificently carved Lectern and Pulpit in the foreground).



Foundation stone laid	Aug. 24, 1843
Foundation stone re-dedicated	Sept. 29, 1847
Nave consecrated	Sept. 21, 1850
Chancel and Transepts begun	Jan. 5, 1880
Chancel and Transepts consecrated	Sept. 1, 1885
Cathedral destroyed by fire	July 8, 1892
Rebuilding of Transepts & Chancel commenced	Jan., 1893
Chancel & Transepts re-dedicated	June 28, 1895
Rebuilding of Nave commenced	June 24, 1902
Nave re-dedicated	Sept. 21, 1905
Reredos dedicated	Sept. 22, 1923
Vaulting beneath Tower dedicated	Dec. 13, 1931
Vaulting and refurnishing of Lady Chapel completed and dedicated	Sept., 1972

THE BISHOP'S THRONE



The Cathedral is the seat of the Bishop of the Diocese. The Bishop's Throne was executed by Mr. Harry Hems of Exeter, England, from designs submitted by Sir Gilbert Scott. The exquisitely designed Lectern, Litany Desk, Font and other woodwork in the Chancel are his work as well.